

Network Modeling and Simulation



ITO/DARPA

John Martin (BFM)

Jennifer Mekis (BFM)

Sri Kumar (PM)

April 2-4 PI Meeting

San Diego

Supercomputer Center

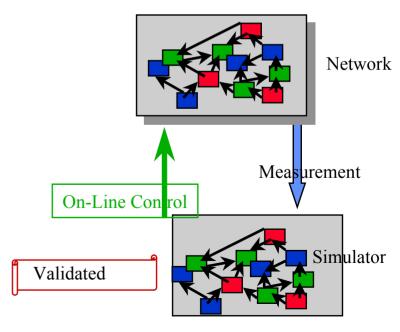


Network Modeling and Simulation



Goal:

Create Network Modeling and Simulation Tools that are trustworthy to provide a basis for on-line prediction and network control





New Capabilities



Prediction

- End-End, Internal Behavior
- Anomaly, Faults
- Multi-scale (time, size), Multi-Resolution

Control

- Parameter tuning
- Dynamic deployment of protocols
- Rapid provisioning: BW, QoS

Human in the Loop. Reduce/eliminate



Four Fold Path for Next Year



Build on this year's work

- Wholesome: Better linkage in PI work/ Integrated efforts
- Think: Measurement ←→ Modelers
 - Have we done enough?
 - What next?
- Defense: Engage to DoD problems; establish links to clients
- Experiment: Define, execute integrated experiments/demos
 - QoS, Failure Prediction
 - Multi-scale characterization/visualization of network performance
 - Engage DOD agencies in joint experimentation
 - Engage Multi-ISPs in experiments?

Tuesday PM Breakout Sessions



Agenda Monday



- 0830 0900 DARPA
- 0900 1200 Review: New Models

(20 minutes each + Break)

- UC Berkeley/CISCO
- UIUC
- Caltech/ISI/Maya
- Rice
- Renesys/ATT/Princeton
- U Mass
- U MD
- 1200 -1330 Lunch
- 1330 1520 Review: Measurement/Simulation/Emulation (20 minutes each)
 - Renesys
 - Georgia Tech
 - Maya
 - CAIDA
 - CNRI/ATT/Intel/SLAC
 - UC Riverside
- 1600 1800 Infomercials and Demo/Poster Session







- 0745 0830 Charlie Plott, Caltech
- 0830 0915 Review: New Models
 - UC Irvine
 - Purdue
 - U Missouri/Rutgers/Georgia Tech
- 0915 1015 **Review: Simulation**
 - SAMAN/ISI
 - RPI
 - SAIC
- 1015 1030 Break
- 1030 1200 DOD Panel. Organizer Al Legaspie, SPAWAR (Presentations and Q&A)
 - Navy- Captain Joseph Celano Head, SPAWAR Modeling and Simulation
 - Air Force: Major Rusty Baldwin: Air Force Institute of Technology
 - Army Major Dave Williams
- Luncheon Speaker:: CDR James Soriano, Tactical Flag Command Center, CENTCOM



Breakout Sessions: Tuesday PM



Session 1: QoS and Overlay Networks

- Session leaders: Shiv Kalyanaraman (RPI) and Jean Walrand (UCB)
- Discussion leaders: Srikant (UIUC), Ogilenski (Renesys)

• Session 2: Measurement: What it is and what it ought to be

- Session Leader: K Claffy (CAIDA)
- Discussion Leaders: Hajek (UIUC),
 Willinger (ATT), Towsley (UMass),
 Reidi (Rice), Jaffe (Cisco), others:
 TBD
- Model Validation
- On-line network control

Session 3: Integrated Experimentation/Demonstration (Late FY01, FY02)

- Session Leader: Fujimoto (Georgia Tech)
- Discussion Leaders: Bagrodia,
- Multi-operator network test beds
- DOD Network test beds

• Session 4: Architecture and Integration

- Session Leaders: Gary Warren (SAIC), Heideman (ISI)
- Discussion Leaders: Baras (UMD), Others: TBD
- HLA, APIs, Interoperability to support Exp/demos

Session 5: Program Links to DOD applications

- Session Leader: Al Legaspie
- Discussion Leaders: TBD

• Session 6: Open (TBD on site)

- Possibilities: Early discussion of game theory
- More on Measurements







- 0800 1100 Report from breakout sessions
 Each session 20 minutes (0800 1000)
- Plenary and Planning one hour (1000 1100)
- Wrap up/Vote of thanks (1100 1105)
- 1105 Adjourn

- Game Theory based IT 1 3: 30 in Hotel



News



Entering Performers

- K. C. Claffy (CAIDA)
- C. Plott (Caltech)
- Mortazavian (UCLA)
- J. Hou (Ohio State)

Exit

None



Admin Notes - 1



- Thanks to UCSD, Supercomputer Center
 - Facility
 - Refreshments for demo/poster session
 - KC Klaffy, Theresa, Rebecca
- If you want to do an infomercial for poster/Demo, and if you haven't already signed up, Pl see John or Jennifer before lunch.
- Pl sign up which breakout sessions you would like to participate in



Admin Notes - 2



- Your Slides Send to John Martin by email COB Friday 6 April.
- \$\$ If you haven't paid the registration, pl do so.
- Buses
- TRIP to SPAWAR
 - Limited to 20



Experimentation/Demonstration



- Develop Models and Predict Traces of networks 100s of nodes
 - End-End delays, Congestion, Instability
 - Evaluate Fluid and end-end models
- Demonstrate control in Lab networks
 - E.g., parameter tuning
- Demonstrate multi-scale characterization/visualization of network performance
 - 1K+ nodes
- Engage multiple ISPs for multi-operator experimentation
- Engage DOD agencies in joint experimentation



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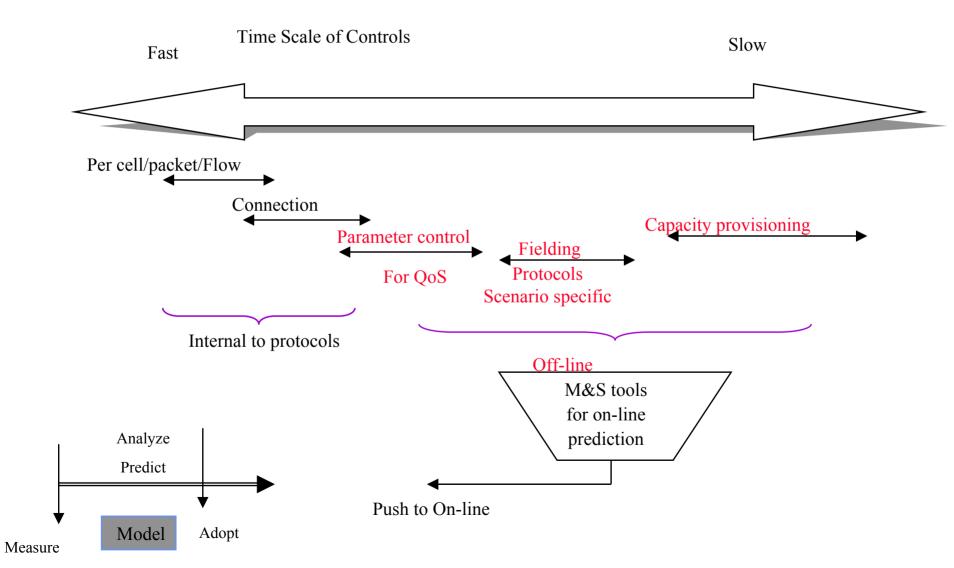
BACK UP





On-line Network Control



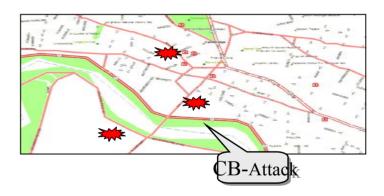




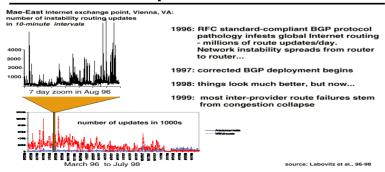
Impact and Significance



- Lack of understanding has led to ad hoc methods and operator in the loop
- Improved Modeling and on-line ability will result in orders of magnitude improvement in time and cost for DoD
 - Parameter tuning to improve performance
 - planning, provisioning of capacity, topology to meet requirements
 - Failure detection and response
- Fast dynamic provisioning
 - One hour of a massive bio-attack.
- Hardening of COTS
 - Analyze protocols/ new technologies
 - Routing instabilities



A bad protocol is a virus







Program Tasks



New Models of Traffic, Network, and Control

- Fluid Models: Physics of network traffic
- Empirically derived end-end models
- Scale, Model reduction, Control Models

Measurement, Model Validation

- Experimental Infrastructure
- Active, Passive sampling

On-line simulation

- Integrate models and event simulation
- Populated with on-line data
- Quick, Scalable, Parallel/Distributed

Emulation

Programmable interpreter

U Illinois
UC Berkeley
U Maryland
U Mass
Caltech/Princeton
Purdue/Kansas
Riverside, LANL

CNRI (15 Companies)
CAIDA, NIST
SAIC

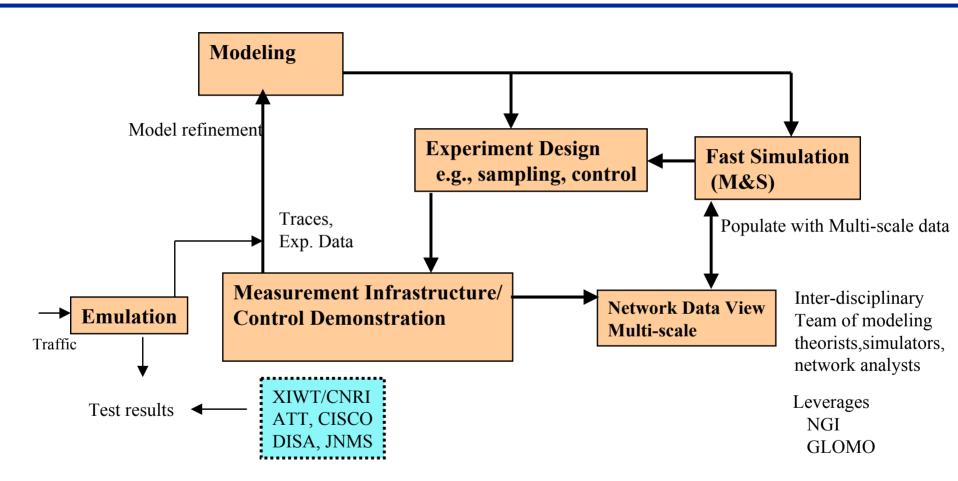
RPI Renesys/ATT UCLA

Georgia Tech









Industry: CISCO, ATT, Iperf/XIWT (HP, Intel, Ameritech, SWBell, IBM, other members), CAIDA

Government: NIST, DOE (SLAC, ONL, LANL)

DOD Clients: DISA, JNMS, SPAWAR, RL

Future: Other ISPs for multi-operator experiments







Leverage Law of Large Numbers

- 100s packets is a drop
- Diffusion approximation

Differential Equation driven by stochastic inputs

Capture Long Range Dependence

Fluid Models of Service/Network

• Generalized Processor Sharing

Theory:

UMASS, Berkeley, UIUC, Caltech

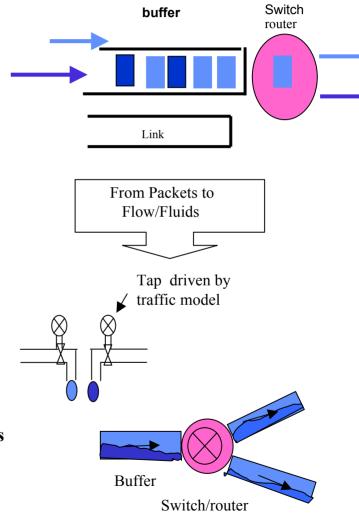
Implementation:

UCLA, LANL/NIST

Simulate/Analyze:

Delay, Loss Rates Congestion, Instabilities

Turbulence?



Fluid level -> no. of packets Overflow -> loss rate



Fluid Network/Service Model



Tap driven by traffic model

Switch/router

Buffer

<u>Actual</u> <u>Model</u>

Buffer size N packets (discrete) Container of N fluid units (continuous)

Link average speed B packet/sec Emptying rate B units/sec

Buffer overflow rate Container overflow rate

Different traffic types Non-colloidal fluid

Congestion (> x packets) Container level (> x)

Propagation delay z Pipe of length z; normalized diameter

Average delay at link Reciprocal of flow rate

Thruput Flow rate

Switch/Router Disaggregation

Priority

Routing

Generalized Processor Sharing

Model Capability:

Picking up events every 100 packets or so

Good enough for congestion, average delay

Lost: packet level details

Generalized Processor Sharing: (Gallagher/Parekh)

Instantaneous Emptying/Routing rate = Function (Priority, policy, routing, buffer contents...)

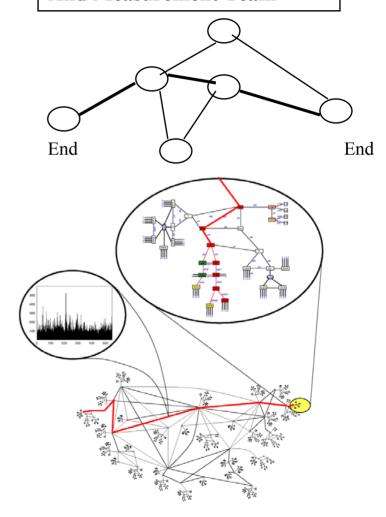






- Direct On-Line fitting of models to path, end-end data.
 - Delay, Error Rates
 - Adaptive model fitting
 - Measured from Edges
 - Inferring link data from edge measurements (tomography)
- Multi-Scale
 - Exploit multi-fractal, selfsimilarity in data
 - Variety of observed network data exhibits fractal nature
 - » Delays, web traffic, interarrival times of packets
 - » Aggregate Traffic
 - » Network size (edges, links)
 - Density falls as power law
 - HOT: Highly optimized
 Tolerance Theory

Renesys, UMD, Rice/Princeton Caltech/UCLA, Kansas And Measurement Team



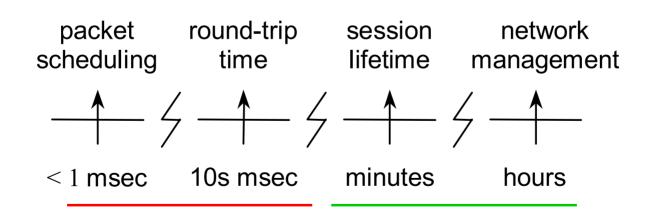


Multiscale Nature of Traffic



- Multifractal (Riedi et al '97)
 - -small time scales
 - -network, protocol layer
 - -control at connection level

- LRD (Willinger'93, Varaiya '96 and others)
 - large time scales
 - client behavior
 - bandwidth over buffer



Self Similar subclass of MF a subclass of LRD







- Study a random process in terms of how its moments scale as we zoom in/out (multiscale)
- Classical approach:

2nd order moment (variance) scaling

• Ideal, *fractal* scaling with Hurst parameter H x(at) "looks like" $a^H x(t)$

zoomed

in the sense that

$$var[x(at)] = var[a^H x(t)]$$

Example: fractional Brownian motion (fBm)

Special case: Self similarity







- Fractal analysis limited to 2nd order statistics
 natural for Gaussian processes only
- Multifractal analysis: study scaling of higher and lower order moments:

$$x(at)$$
 "looks like" $a^{H(k)} x(t)$

in the sense of k-th moments

$$mom_k[x(at)] = mom_k[a^{H(k)} x(t)]$$

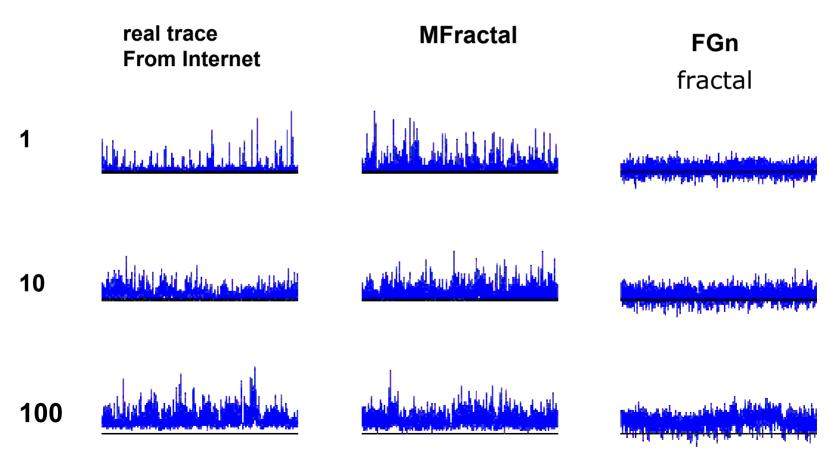
 Natural for many nonGaussian processes, particularly bursty network traffic







•Multifractal model: Estimation, fitting theory known.



Time scale

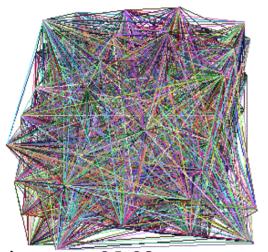
Data: Round Trip delay between two specific nodes.





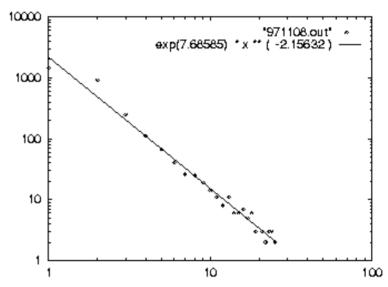
Scaling: Empirical Observations

UC Riverside CAIDA



Internet instance, 95-98
From CAIDA

Degree of node = Number of Edges



Power-law: Frequency of degree vs. degree for Autonomous systems

- Empirical Observation: Frequency of degree (d) = $d^{**}(-a)$
- Remained so even with network growth.
- Questions:
 - What is the implication on performance as network scales?
 - What is the performance scaling relationship between an 1K node network and a 100K node network given both have the same power law?





Control Models

UC Irvine, UI Urbana, Berkeley

- Parameter Tuning (TCP, Web)
- DIFFSERV

Measurement Based

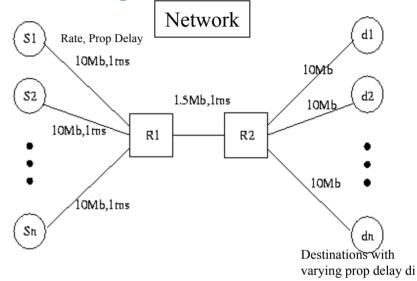
- -COS Provisioning
- MPLS
 - -Adaptive resource allocation
- Pricing Models

FM with new window adjustment for differentiated services in TCP

W - window size

$$egin{array}{lcl} rac{d}{dt} w_{i}(t) &=& -\kappa rac{d_{i}}{ar{d}_{i}} rac{s_{i}}{w_{i}}, & { ext{A-Incidence matrix}} \ ar{d}_{i} - \operatorname{prop delays} \ ar{d}_{i} &=& d_{i} + A_{i}.q \end{array} \ s_{i} &=& w_{i} - x_{i}d_{i} - p_{i} ext{ for } i = 1, \cdots, N. \end{array}$$

Example: QoS Provisioning. Distributed TCP Control



FM vs. NS

$\mathrm{target}(p_i)$	throughput	throughput ratio	target ratio
2	420	1	1 FTP
6	1117	2.66	3
10	1863	4.43	5
14	2628	6.26	7
18	3353	7.98	9 Video



Measurement/Experiment Infrastructure



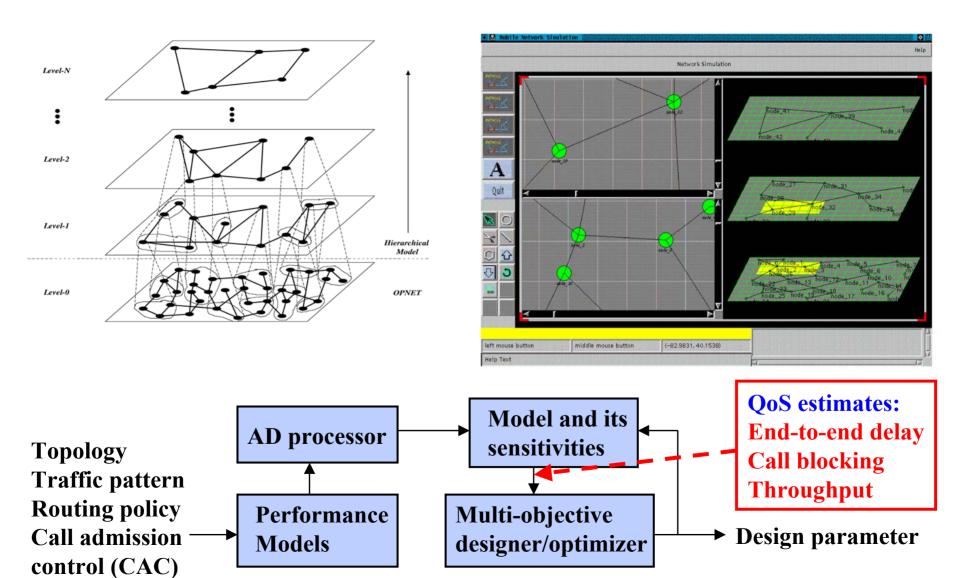
•IPEX:

"Internet Performance Exchange" XIWT/CNRI

- Industry Lead, Readily Configurable, Accessible Internet Testbed for Performance Measurement, Experimentation and Data Generation
- Mesh Measurement.
- Generate baseline data series for testing concepts of normal and anomalous performance
- "Plug and play" environment for researchers' use: ready access, available analysis & measurement tool library, data collection/security services
- CAIDA
- ATT/CISCO
- DISA (Netwars)
- JNMS
- SPAWAR, JTRS

Adaptive Hierarchical Modeling Incorporating On-Line Measurements







Distributed On-line Simulation



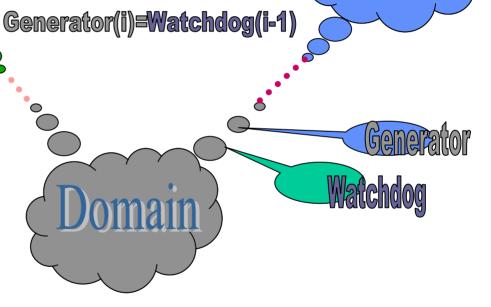
Network Decomposed Into Domains.

Each Domain Simulated Separately, Simultaneously Using On-Line Simulator.

Watchdog Collects Traffic Outflow For Each Domain Over time intervals.

Model

Convergence Time Step



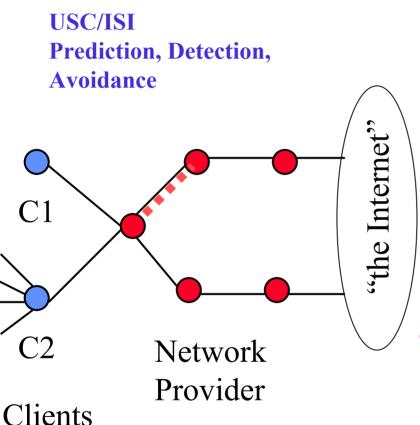
Model Generator Produces Traffic Inflow From Other Domains.

RPI, Renesys/ATT, UCLA



Fault Analysis





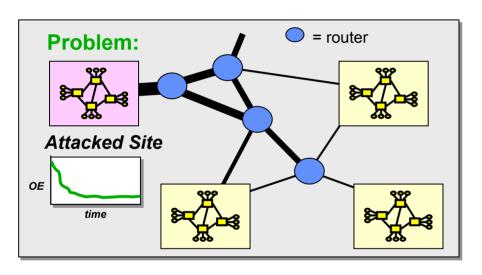
- What if the red link becomes overloaded?
 - Today: discover the symptom (high loss)
- USC/SAMAN will help identify the cause:
 - Change in C2 traffic mix?
 - Interactions between C1 and C2 traffic?
- Use of M&S to:
 - -Predicting and avoiding failures
 - -Cascading failures
 - -Planning failure recovery strategies
- •SAMAN Simulation augmented by measurement and analysis.

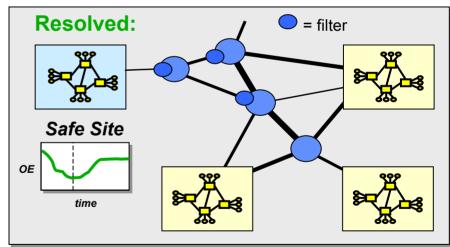


Information Assurance



- Improved OE (operational effectiveness) of communication networks.
 - Improved ability to detect network problems.
 - Improved ability to respond to detected network problems.





Collaborate with FTN and DCN Programs ITO



Emulation



Georgia Tech

Larger scale, more detailed models of emulated network

Solution: Parallel & distributed real-time execution of discrete event models

Need plug-n-play methodology for heterogeneous emulation tools

Solution: Emulation backplane approach

TCP Network Models e.g. Real Code

Wireless Network Models e.g. PARSEC ATM Network Models e.g. Opnet

Need repeatable execution capability

—for improved debugging and testing support

Solution: *Direct execution* of end-user applications, and discrete event simulation of network-node models